

WHIG NOMINATIONS.
FOR GOVERNOR,
EDWARD KENT.

Representatives for Congress,
SOMERSET & PENOBSCOT, John S. Tenney.
YORK, NATHAN D. APPLETON.
CUMBERLAND, EZEKIEL WHITMAN.
LINCOLN, BENJ. RANDALL.
KENNEBEC, GEORGE EVANS.
OXFORD, ZADOC LONG.
HARCOCK & WASHINGTON, JOSEPH C. NOYES.

For State Senators
PENOBSCOT, Elias Dudley, Abraham Sanborn.
YORK, JAMES MCARTHUR, THOMAS CARLE, LOYF KFAV.
CUMBERLAND, JOHN NEAL, JOSHUA PARSONS, JOSEPH LUFKIN, THOMAS PERLEY.
LINCOLN, WM. M. REED, JOHNSON JACQUES, ISAAC REED, JAMES ERSKINE.
SOMERSET, MILFORD P. NORTON, DANIEL STEWARD, TIMOTHY BOUTELLE, HIRAM BELCHER, JOHN I. P. DUMONT.
KENNEBEC, Middle District, LUCIUS Q. C. BOWLES.
Eastern District, NOAH SMITH, Jr.
Western District, ALBINA HALL.
OXFORD, DANIEL TYLER, Jr., SIMEON BARTLETT.

County Treasurers
PENOBSCOT, Abner Taylor.
CUMBERLAND, ALPHUS SHAW.
YORK, ANDREW HOBSON.
LINCOLN, ASA F. HALL.
OXFORD, SIMON NORRIS.

MR. PRENTISS'S SPEECH.

The following extract from the speech delivered by the eloquent Representative in Congress from Mississippi, before thousands of Whigs in Market Hall, New York, is from the New York Courier. It will be perused with interest by our readers. Mr. Prentiss was briefly addressed by the Mayor, and in reply, after alluding to some personal compliments bestowed upon himself and the State of Mississippi, he said:

I stand here, recently from a great contest. I am just from the battle field. It was a war which is shaking the Union, it is a war not yet ended. It is a war, in which the people must pause and inquire in what position they stand, and how their troops are disposed of. It is a great war, which involves vital principles, which affect every man, woman and child. It is a war between the two great parties, as to currency and credit. This commenced not many years since. A great chief who had won one glorious victory, was borne into the highest office in the gift of the people, with the greatest and best principles in his mouth ever professed by any man. If he had performed the promises then made, this war would never have occurred. But they were not fulfilled. One of his promises was, that the currency should be regulated. We then had a currency with which every one was contented. The people were asked to consent, and after much doubting and hesitation, they did consent. The first experiment was then made, and that resulted in another experiment, and that in another. But I will not proceed to enumerate them. When his term of service expired, we had not only not the best currency, but the worst. When he went out of office, it was entirely changed from what it was when he came in. When Martin Van Buren came into office, he promised to follow in the footsteps of his illustrious predecessor, and upon the strength of this promise he claimed the support of the administration party, and his first step was to leave the track. General Jackson's thoughts by day and dreams by night were on the currency, and how to regulate it. Mr. Van Buren told the people in his message that Government had no right to touch or interfere with the currency. It was their duty to receive the revenues in gold and silver, and to expend them. It has now come to a war of life or death, whether the credit system shall prevail, or that hard money currency of the most barbarous nations in the world. In this country an attack upon the credit system affects our whole commercial prosperity and happiness. We have vast resources, and we require something to develop them, either in the way of capital or credit. In this country the greatest use made of the credit system, and there is no portion of our land that has received more benefit from it than Mississippi. I come thence and can tell you how it is. It is more favored than any land in the world. Our soil scarcely requires a tilling, but its produce seems to force itself upon us. The emigrant who comes among us, does not bring large capitals with him, but by means of the credit system, Mississippi is now advanced more than one half in ten years, and if this be destroyed, we will go back many years at once. Here in this city, by the use of credit you obtain advantages of the capital of foreign countries. Look at the different governments, and in those where the credit system is in vogue, you will see it extended in proportion to the liberty enjoyed and the freedom allowed. If you go to a country where it is not known, you go to a despotic government. Go to Turkey. There you will see that while one hand extends the goods for sale, the other is held out for the gold and silver that is to pay for them. No man there trusts his fellow man, and is this a system for such a country as ours? This great outcry which has been made against the banks, is founded in prejudice, and can only with truth be said to some few corporations. Banking is nothing more than the use of credit allowed by law. How would Mississippi have grown up to her present proud eminence, without the credit system? In this country no man may amass so much wealth as to establish an individual bank, although in some countries they do exist and advantageously. Here, where property is so much divided, it is impossible that people can enjoy the credit system, unless it be consolidated in one mass for the benefit of all. We have grown up under it. It has been to us the lamp of Aladdin, and whenever we rubbed it the giant of credit sprung to our assistance. We have a capital in our resources, and every

dollar we can raise to develop them, adds to the capital of the country. In our country, instead of denying the credit, we extend it more and more.

What then is the operation of the great controversy? I refer to this now, as I think the citizen should understand each other, and the position in which they are placed. Mississippi is unequalled in her resources, and she looked forward to years of unexampled prosperity, but the policy of the Government came upon them like a tornado. The people found that they had been deceived, and that a new state of things had come upon them. All new transactions are based upon an uniform system, and the people may thus know what they are to do. I would for myself prefer a bad government, when its system is uniform, than a good one, where it varies every day.

I have said this was a war, and a war to the knife upon the credit system, yet your opponents will deny it, and say we only wish to reform, we do not wish to destroy it, but have they told you, where or how they would reform? They may reform, but it will be like reforming a man's life by cutting his head off. Do they tell you how far they mean to go? They talk of rag currency, and of rag barons, and they say our maxim is to make the rich richer, and the poor poorer. But this is not so. This is a war where one or the other must fall in the contest. They say they are friends of the credit system. I ask how do they mean to reform it, except by tearing it up by the roots, and throwing it away? Every man must see that it is a war upon the credit system, on their part, and a war on the part of the Whigs to support it. It would be foolish for us to say, like marines on board a vessel at sea that has been struck by a squall, and has her spars and rigging damaged, let us cut away the masts and trust to the ballast to save us. A squall has struck the credit system, and some of its masts and rigging are damaged, and even now we have not got clear of the pieces of wreck floating about us, but I trust, we will not cut away our masts, and trust to the ballast of a specie currency to propel us.

None will deny that the great measure the administration now have at heart is an ultimate and total specie currency, and what is this measure? It is the sub-treasury scheme. They say paper money is not good enough for the government. They want gold and silver, and let the people have the paper money. Government has to use money in the same way that we do. They purchase stores for the army and navy, and they pay them. They have officers, and many of them, and their salaries must be paid. I, then, the paper medium is not used, what will they use? They say paper is unsafe. Suppose every man says so. Every man has a right to demand gold and silver in payment of his dues, and if he should demand it, what would the country come to? We would go backwards to the dark ages of barbarism. I appeal to every candid man if this sub-treasury scheme is not a direct attack upon the credit system in every shade and form. Our annual expenditures are now thirty millions, and if the Florida war continues, they will soon be fifty millions, and how is this enormous sum to be paid?

You doubtless well remember when the blow first fell on you here, for an attack upon the currency is first felt by commerce, you sent to Washington a delegation composed of your first merchants and you asked the President to assemble Congress and grant them relief. What was his reply? He said, he could not call Congress together, for they could not interfere with the currency. Yet he soon did call them together. And why? Because hunger pinched even the bowels of the Government. Congress was called together to legislate for Government alone.

The Executive said it was not in the power of the government to relieve the country by interfering with the gold and silver currency. And what did Congress do? Nothing, except to allow the government to issue Treasury notes. He talked too of the bad partnership between the government and the people, and thought it ought to be dissolved, and I trust the people will take him at his word, and divorce themselves from him forever.

There was a certain king of France who occupied all his leisure time in making up garments, and he took a pride and pleasure in that vocation. The late President employed all his leisure time in tinkering at the currency and he boasted of the success of the experiments he had been making.

At the last session of Congress the President boldly declared that the expressions of popular opinion as to his measures, did not in reality exist, or if they had been made, they were brought about by bribery and corruption. He even descended so low as to accuse this noble city of being bribed and bought by bank influence, and you remember how one of your Senators indignantly repelled the insinuation, and hurled the foul slander back in his teeth. At that session, the administration confident of success, came on in a solid phalanx, well drilled in all political manoeuvres, and the Whigs wearied out with the late contest, stood the ground firmly, with no certainty of success.

Never was there a political battle fought more worthy of lasting fame than this one, from the great display of talent brought into action. Day after day it was fought, in one wing of the Capitol, and there the great men of the nation were ranged against each other. It was indeed a battle of the giants. There was Daniel of the North, with his huge battle axe, which none could wield but himself, and which none could resist. He struck the administration to its knees, and then he sat on it just felt pain. Again it arose, and again was it smitten down by the same arm. There, too, might you see Harry of the West, with his double edged sword, like that of Richard Cœur de Lion, heaving down all before him. There, too, against him was one with a turban on his head, and the keen edged scimitar of Logic in his hand. He had not worn the turban long, for he had not long joined the Moslem ranks, but he carried with him the skill and science of a Christian General. His weapon cut through obstacles which could not be harmed by the ponderous axe or sword of his adversaries. After a fierce contest, the lance of the administration was wrested from them, and was trampled under foot, and they were driven in ignominy from the Capitol with great loss. Then they carried the battle into the other wing and there it was fought over again, and the grounds on which it was sustained were, that the great commercial prosperity of the north, was occasioned not from any superiority of position, or from your own enterprise, but from the illegal action of the government. They contended that by collecting the revenues in the North, it gave them an increase of capital, which legitimately belonged to the South. Would any of the Northern members dare to say that here, yet these arguments were officially announced, and supported, and not a voice from the Administration was raised against it.

The eloquent speaker here presented an eulogium upon the Conservative members, which was received with the most flattering applause. "We tore (he contended) their banner and trampled it under foot, yet like the black flag of the pirate, they have again raised it, and

raised it to the west. They will not yield to the opinions of the people, but boldly avow that the sub-treasury scheme, they will not give up." The battle I have said is not yet ended. They have abundant munitions of war, and they have the chest, and there are thousands who will fight for pay. There are those who are willing, Samson like, to bury the people with them beneath the ruins, rather than give up their places. The administration has done nothing since it came into power but harp upon the sub-treasury scheme. It will go to the bottom with it in its arms, it will die with it labelled on its coffin.

Mr. P. then went into a brief history of the election in Mississippi, and of the manner in which that State had been for a long time deprived of a representative, and he also spoke in eloquent and indignant terms of the late official attack upon the navy, and he concluded his truly brilliant address, of which this is but a very faint and imperfect sketch, by exhorting the Whigs of this city to send on to Mississippi in November, the cheering notes of Victory.

THE BANK OF OLD TOWN. This Bank, as we have every reason to believe, from some facts which have come to our knowledge, has exploded. Its liabilities to the public, including its debts to the Suffolk Bank (a part of which is secured by mortgage upon real estate in Orleans) are thought to be not less than \$65,000. The amount of its bills in circulation, (included in the above estimate of course) is not far short of \$25,000, and taking into view that the effects of the Bank are worse than bad, and that, also, the capital stock is all or nearly all held by irresponsible Boston and New York brokers, who have recently obtained the stock, it is pretty fair to conclude that many must suffer; and we fear the loss may fall upon individuals not the best able to bear it.

We are aware that this "flare up" will produce some alarm to bill holders, but we feel confident that our own Banks are safe and sound, and that no apprehensions for their safety should be for a moment entertained. We understand the Commissioners are to visit the Bank to day.

"GREAT REACTION"

The locofocos seem to be grateful for the small eat favors. The Eastern Argus is shouting over the election in Mobile, where they carried their ticket by the aid of the Calhoun men. Last year they carried half of their ticket unassisted by these new allies. The same paper does not hear "anything further" from North Carolina. The ten thousand majority has astounded them. They can't hear but little till after election, and then only the groans of their dying brethren of "the party."

IMPROVEMENT IN BETTING. The locofocos, finding too many "customers" in the betting line with which they have endeavored to brow beat the people have adopted a new plan. They make a bet, and when accepted, offer a "bonus" of some ten, fifteen or twenty dollars if the antagonist will "just let that bet stand till after election." Now this business of betting is extremely ridiculous, and a party, who has no better argument to offer, is in our humble opinion in a very bad condition. Whether this new process is the result of discretion, or arises from a want of the funds, is more than we can tell, we should think the former for they have ascertained that it is to be a losing game with them, and as they have gone so far in the business, they feel compelled to keep up a show of courage, and have resorted to this expedient.

WALDO AWAKE.

The Whigs of Waldo held their Convention at Montville last week. There was a glorious gathering of the People on the occasion. The farmer, the mechanic, and the laborer were there to the number of upwards of one thousand, actuated by but one feeling, and that was to exert themselves to the utmost to arrest the progress of the "rule and ruin" party who have done so much to retard the prosperity and destroy the business of the country. We understand that WILLIAM G. CROSS, Esq. was nominated for Congress. The names of the candidates selected for the Senate we have not yet learnt.

The proceedings of the meeting of the Fire Department were received too late for insertion to-day. They will be published tomorrow.

Two companies of the 3d Regiment of Infantry are ordered to Houlton, having recently left the Cherokee country. Lieut. Col. Cummings is to assume the command at Houlton.

Messrs EDWARDS & SMITH.

Gentlemen. The writer of "Observations on the late fire" writes "I am of opinion that had he, the Chief Engineer, at the fire on Sunday morning, stationed Engines No 3 and 4 (the moment they were on the ground) at the reservoir at the Hammond Street Church, more good would have been effected." Without disputing that point which is altogether uncertain, I would ask him after adopting his arrangement what was left to protect the rear of the Washington Buildings and the brick block on the south side of Wall street? which if it had taken fire would also have endangered a number of buildings on Broad street. There were three sides or points to be protected, and I ask again how they could be protected in his arrangement when he takes two-thirds of the means to protect one third, and that third considered at the commencement the least exposed.

I think if he will examine the whole ground, and then take into consideration the means used (as no one Engine had sufficient hose to take the water from the reservoir to the fire, and as we had but three Engines with about 1600 feet hose,) he must come to the conclusion that the arrangements, taking all the circumstances into consideration, been the best that could have been made.

ONE OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

In the Editor of the Whig & Courier.

Mr. Bond. I have seen your issue of the 19th inst. and I am glad to see that you have given the Whigs a full and fair representation of the proceedings and practices of the Van Buren party, so that it would be understood by the plain yeomanry of this county in a much shorter way than by reading the whole speech. By this we find that according to the famous retrenchment committee during Mr. Adams's administration the expenditures were something like Thirteen Millions of Dollars, but these same retrenchers have increased the expenditures until in 1837 they amount to thirty Millions of Dollars.

This Committee consisted of Messrs Hamilton, Ingham, Rives, Wickliffe, Cambreleng, Sargent and Everett, all friends of Gen. Jackson. They were charged to enquire into the Expenditures with a view to retrenchment.

PRECEPT.

In 1825, 1826 and 1827, the printing for the Government, including the General P. Office for 2 years was \$71,830.51.

Printing for Congress, Senate and House of Representatives in 8 years, 271,883.37.

The contingent expenses of some in 1837 the first of Mr. Van Buren \$210,000.00, showing the difference of the moderate sum of \$130,000.

The whole number of clerks in the State department and patent office is Forty and the salary of the Secretary and all his clerks is \$56,515.

The present Secretary employs fifteen clerks and two Messengers. His salary and their compensation amount to \$27,100.

The present Secretary employs about forty clerks besides messengers, the joint salaries and compensation amount to \$63,800.

In 1838 the commanding General is allowed a clerk and messenger at \$1,800.

In 1838 the General employs seven clerks and two Messengers whose compensation is \$4,225.

In 1838 the salary of the same number of Clerks is \$4,290 besides the messengers salary.

In 1838 this officer employs seven clerks with a compensation of \$7,300.

In 1838 the ordinance officer employs nine clerks and a messenger with a salary of \$9,225.

In 1838 this department employs four clerks and a messenger with a salary of \$5,880.

In 1838 this officer is allowed a Clerk and messenger at \$1,800.

In 1838 this Indian business appears to constitute a grand division. We now hear of an Indian department with a commissioner at 3,000 per year, with 12 clerks and two messengers, their joint compensation and salaries amount to \$19,400.

In 1838, we find four superintendents of Indian affairs with salaries of Fifteen hundred Dollars each, \$6,000.

6 Superintendents of Emigration with salaries of 2,000 each, 12,000.

10 Indian Agents at 1500 each per year, 15,000.

17 Sub Agents at 750 each per year, 10,500.

33 Commissioners and Special Agents who are paid from 5 to 8 dollars per day and about \$15.00 to 3000 per year; 15 conducting and enrolling Agents, at 3, 4 and 5 Dollars per day; 2 Conductors of exploring parties at 3 and 5 Dollars per day; 2 valuing agents at 4 each per day; 5 collecting agents at 2.50 each per day; 2 issuing agents at 1 each per day; 1 disbursing agent at 35 per day; 16 assisting agents at 3 and 34 each per day, and from 500 to 1200. dollars each per year; 31 interpreters in the emigration of Indians at 2.50 to 3 dollars each per day; 15 Physicians with salaries varying from 3, 5 and 6 per day to 84 dollars per month; 11 Clerks besides those at Washington with salaries varying from \$3 to \$5 per day to 40 or \$50 per month and 800 to 1000-dollars a year; 53 Black Smiths with salaries varying from 2.40 to \$600 per year; 5 Millers with salaries from \$500 to \$600, 18 Teachers with salaries

from 500 to 900 per year; 1 day, the salary of the Secretary of the Navy for one year, including his salary of \$1 per day and 600 per year. It now appears that the price of Secretary has expended for newspapers and subscription for newspapers for the department. They specify \$694 43 cts. for three years.

The committee specify the sum of \$468, 86 as paid by the Navy Department in 3 years for printing and condemn it as extravagant.

The committee also report that a considerable sum varying from \$100 to 200 was annually paid by the Secretary of the Navy for Books for his office most of them having no appropriate relation to the Naval service of the country, such as Magazines, reviews, periodical publications and fashionable literature of the day. This usage was to be abolished. We will see.

In Mr. Secretary Dickinson's contingent expense account we find the following items, viz:

2d Vol Repository of Patent Inventions, 8.00

2d do Southern Literary Magazine, 5.00

One Gurth Audubon's Birds, 165.00

Audubon's Birds, 55.00

No 1, Indian Biography, 6.00

North American Review, 5.00

No 4 Indian Biography, 6.00

One Number of American Secretary, 75.00

\$250.75

We might go on with this retrenchment at the same rate to the end of the chapter, but here is enough to show how much confidence is to be placed in the pretensions of the party who have wielded the destinies of this nation for the past nine or ten years and what we may expect if the People suffer them to elect their candidates at the next election, who we suppose are all of the same reforming school.

A FARMER.

Exeter, August 13, 1837.

THE QUEEN'S MARRIAGE. A constant attendance of Prince George of Cambridge on the Queen, when she is engaged in a party of pleasure, has given much uneasiness to a certain clique of confederates at the Court. The Queen is one who, though young in years, well knows power, and she is one who will not allow her feelings to be controlled by imprudent interference. Lord Melbourne encourages the intimacy between the Royal cousins and there is every prospect of seeing the Prince the consort of Queen Victoria. Should this come off, there will be weeping and gnashing of teeth among the German satellites. Prince George is now in his twentieth year, and it is stated he will remain at Gibraltar, visit Malta, and others of our possessions, so as to be absent two years, when he will receive her Majesty's hand. The marriages of cousins have not always been happy, but we imagine that the Prince, who is particularly generous and good tempered, will make a very comfortable companion for the little lady. London Standard.

VIRGINIA. It will be recollected that Mr. Savage, member of the Virginia House of Delegates, from Northampton Co. resigned his seat in that body some time since, in consequence of having been concerned in a duel. An election to supply the vacancy was held on the 13th inst. and resulted in the choice of Dr. George T. Yerby, (W) over his Van Buren opponent, Maj. Nottingham. No change from last April. The votes were - Yerby 166, Nottingham 81.

Sixty-nine years ago there was born at the obscure town of Ajaccio, in the island of Corsica, one NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.

A CARD.

ISAAC DENNISON tenders his sincere thanks to the active members of the Fire Department, and to his fellow citizens for their timely and very efficient aid in rescuing his Goods from the fire on the 19th inst.

A CARD.

Messrs J M Prince & Co present their sincere thanks to the members of the Fire Department for their strenuous, though unsuccessful exertions to save their building from ruin, also to those residing in the vicinity of Wall street for removing so many of their goods from the devouring flame.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF BANGOR.

Aug 20th Sailed, schr Augusta, Teague, Newburyport.

Aug 21st Arr Signal, Fuller, Sandwich.

Schr Herald, Weaver, Newburyport.

Sloop Nancy, Hicks, Thomaston.

July 20 Schr Mexican, Colcord, Weymouth.

Schr Ranger, Eels, Provincetown.

Schr Celes, Pendleton, Boston.

Schr Majestic, Colcord, "

Schr Isabella, Patterson, "

Schr Roman, Sargent, Ipswich.

Schr Gen Knox, Holbrook, New Haven.

Schr Arinda, Thaxter, Bath.

Schr Prospect, Warren, Boston.

Schr Economy, Thomas, Newburyport.

Schr Thomas, Dodge, Boston.

Schr Thomas, Henry, do.

Schr Exchange, Hewes, East Port.

Schr Win & Nancy, Baltimore.

Schr Pierce, Pendleton, Providence.

ISAAC DENNISON,

WOULD inform his friends and customers that he has taken store No 48 Main street where may be found, in addition to his former stock a splendid lot of MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS of the latest fashions, just received from New York and Boston markets.

WROUGHT, SHUTTLE, & WIST,

SIDE COMBS Just received a few dozen plain, do; Silver Thimbles, Butler Knives, Spectacles Enamelled Card Cases, Silk and Pearl purses, Spool Blands, Soft tooth Brushes, &c, for sale by

T. G. BROWN & CO

aug 21

No. 6 Main street.

300 BAGS fine Liverpool Salt for sale by
W. T. & H. PEIRCE & CO.
aug21

DRY DOCK AT BUCKSPORT.
Notice is hereby given to owners and masters
of vessels that a Dry Dock, sufficiently capa-
cious to admit the larger class of Merchant Ships,
has been constructed on the Eastern side of Folsom
& Spofford's wharf, in the harbor of Bucksport, and
is now in readiness to receive vessels for repairs or
painting. There is no hazard in going into a Dry
Dock as the case in hauling up on marine rail-
way. The Dock is tight and the fees low. For
further particulars apply to
FREDERICK SPOFFORD
Near the premises
Bucksport Aug 13 1838 d&w aug18

NOTICE TO ALL INTERESTED.
I will remain at the store which I have recently
occupied at 12 Main Street until the first day
of Sept to give those who are indebted to me an
opportunity of settling their notes and accounts. I
trust that those that remain unsettled after that time,
should be sold at auction, without any regard to in-
dividuals.
Bangor, Aug 20 1838
K. INGRAHAM
181

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
AND SATINETS, for sale at reduced
prices for cash, at No 3 Smith's Block
aug16 FREDERICK LAMBERT

NOTICE.
THE copartnership heretofore existing between
the subscribers under the firm of ROGERS
& HOLYOKE is this day by mutual consent
dissolved. All persons indebted to them by note or
account are hereby called upon to make immediate
payment to Messrs Robert Holyoke & Co. who are
July, authorized to settle the business of the late
firm.
Brewer Aug 18, 1838
ROBERT HOLYOKE
willw

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted by note, account or oth-
erwise to the late firm of CORB & McKEN-
NEY, are notified to make immediate payment or
settlement WITH THE SUBSCRIBER. He only is
authorized to settle and discharge the same. Per
order of the Mortgage and Creditors
SAM'L GARNSEY
d&w3w
Aug 17, 1838

MR. HEDGE'S ORATION,
DELIVERED before the citizens of Bangor, on
the 4th of July 1838, and published at the
request of the City Government, for sale by
SMITH & FENNO
aug13

SPLENDID ENGRAVINGS,
LOF selected in France, a short time since
for sale by E. F. DUREN, Bookseller
aug16

ORPHEAN LYRE.
THIRD SERIES, collection of Glee and
Catches suitable for clubs, social music per-
formers &c. This volume has been more than a year
in preparation and the music was selected and ar-
ranged with great care. Rec'd also, several Glee
Comic Songs, Catches, &c for sale by
E. F. DUREN
No 6 Smith's Block
aug18

THE PENOBSCOT MILL DAM
COMPANY.
THE Stockholders of said Company are hereby
announced that their annual meeting will be held
at the Mill Dam Office, on THURSDAY, the 23d
inst at half past 2 o'clock P. M.
CHAS A STACKPOLE, Clerk.
Bangor, August 15th, 1838.

FARINA COLOGNE WATER.
JUST received a few dozen of the double seal
Farina Cologne Water, and Smith, Prestiss
Cosmetic Soap Wash Balls which is found to be
superior to all Soap for washing the skin. For sale
at No 6 Main st
T. G. BROWN & CO.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG
LADIES AT CAMBRIDGE, MASS.
MR and Mrs MACK, the Principals of this
School, receive a few pupils into their family,
and endeavor to promote under parental manage-
ment their physical intellectual and moral educa-
tion. To this object they devote all their time, with
the assistance of the best instructors in the vicinity.
Their next quarter will commence on the 2d Mon-
day of September.
Mr Mack will be happy to explain his course of
instruction and management more fully to any gen-
tleman who may please to call upon him at the Ban-
gor House before Friday next.
He is permitted to refer to the following gentle-
men of this city.
Rev Mr Hedge, Hon E H Allen,
Prof Woods, Hon Chas Strickson
Bangor House Aug 15.

CARPET AND CLOTH STORE,
No 44 Main Street, (up stairs,) directly over
the old stand of Wheelwright & Savary
GEO. WHEELWRIGHT has just received a
new supply of Carpets, Hearth Rugs &c
among which are some choice patterns. Green Book
ings, Straw Matting, &c all which are offered at
reduced prices for cash.
Also, super Blue Black Broadcloths medium
and low priced do. Brown Green and Invisible
Green, Violet and Blue, do. Super Black and Steel
Blue and Blue Black Rob'd blue and Drab Cal-
canees for pantaloons, 1 ps Red Pelise Cloth,
suitable for children's clothing. Silk Velvet and an
assortment of Tailors' Trimmings, &c &c very
low for cash.
Bangor April 26 1838

MRS. J. LACAVE.
FASHIONABLE HAIR DRESSER
CONTINUES to occupy rooms No 64 Main
street, (up stairs,) where she will be happy
to wait on such as wish for her hair.
Ladies and Gentlemen in want of Wigs or Top
pieces can have them manufactured in a superior
style to order, and warranted to fit, if not, exchang-
ed for others.
Old Curle dressed over to look as well as new.
Also
Bairn manufactured to order any pattern wished.

JUST RECEIVED BY D. DUGGLES,
10 SMITH'S BLOCK
THE Young Ladies Aid to Piety and Hap-
piness, 16mo, by Rev Jason Whitman, Pastor
of the Park Street Church, Portland
Rev Mr. Hedge's 4th of July Oration
A full supply of Stationary, School Books, &c.
aug15

JUST FINISHED. A few more of the
PATENT BAKERS, which need but one trial to
convince of their economy and convenience. Two
quarts of charcoal being all sufficient to do the
baking which in the ordinary way requires a stout
oven full of wood. Also constantly on hand cus-
tom made Tin Ware Stove Pipes and Stove ap-
paratus manufactured at the shortest notice, at No 70
Main-street
ALBERT NOYES
Bangor, Aug 15 1838 Sw

MORE NEW GOODS.
JUST received by the last steamer, a large as-
sortment of English and American Prints,
Silk, Raw Silk, Chally and Victoria fancy Hdk's,
Brown and Bleached Drillings, Silks, Ribbons,
&c &c Purchasers of the above goods will find
the best assortment and at low prices as can be
procured elsewhere
REED & HATCH
aug14 36 Main-street

PATENT SOAP.
BOXES of Anderson's Patent Labor Saving
Soap, just rec'd and for sale by
YOUNG & HERRIMAN
No 17 Wall street
aug9

EMLOCK BARK. 100 cords wanted
at 11 Broad street, by W A BLAKE
july9

NOTICE.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that no per-
son is authorized to use my name or credit in
procuring goods, or contracting debts of any kind,
for the Hampden and New York Steam Company,
or obtaining material or labor for the Mills at
Hampden commonly called Emery's Mills. And I
shall not pay any debts contracted for said Com-
pany and said Mills by any person or persons without
written authority from me to that effect.
Bangor, Aug 10, 1838
JOHN EEDER
2w

LAND AND WHARF FOR SALE.
The valuable lot of Land and Wharf conveyed
by James Crosby to Salmon Niles, and more
recently the property of the Oregon Company situate
at a short distance above the Bridge on Boyd's
Edly in Bangor, is offered for sale at a very low
price and on reasonable terms. The lot is 130 feet
wide on Hancock street and extends from the street
to the river, embracing a good dock and one of the
best wharves in that vicinity. The lot was originally
sold for about \$3300, and was purchased by
the Company for \$4100 since which purchase the
wharf has been erected at an expense of \$1400.
The whole property is now offered for a sum less
than that originally paid for the land more than five
years ago. For further particulars apply to
CHANDLER & PAINE
Bangor, Me August 14 1838

JOHN G. HALL,
DEPUTY SHERIFF AND CORONER,
(Kennebec County.)
June25 3m VASSALBOROUGH Me

PEW FOR SALE.
PEW No 41 on the southern side of Hammond
Street Church, for sale by
aug14 2w CHANDLER & PAINE

OIL, OIL, OIL.
1000 GALLS Fall and Winter Oil, just
rec'd and for sale low by
aug14 1w J. NORCROSS & CO.

HOUSE AND FANCY PAINTING.
THE subscribers have recommenced business at
their old stand, where they will be happy to
attend to all orders in the line of HOUSE, SHIP
SIGN ORNAMENTAL and CARRIAGE PAINTING
IMITATION OF WOOD and MARBLE, PAPER Hang-
ing GILDING, GLAZING &c
N. B. All work personally attended to.
LONGFELLOW & NASH
Bangor, July 27th 1838 if

MAP OF MAINE,
WITH THE NEW COUNTIES upon it, for sale by
aug14 E. F. DUREN

MILITARY GOODS.
SWORDS, Lianlets, Lance Brads, Buttons,
Plumes, etc just received and for sale by
Z SMITH,
aug9 4w No 24 West Market Place

NEW STORE,
54 MAIN STREET.
G. M. HAYDEN has just opened a good assort-
ment of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
which he will sell at reduced prices for cash.
Please call and examine
1m aug10

CHURCH'S TOOTH POWDER.
DR. CHURCH'S valuable Tooth Powder for
cleansing Teeth is one of the best articles in
use for the following reasons.
1st. It is excellent in giving the Teeth a beauti-
ful white polish and preventing their decay.
2nd. It is sure to cause and preserve a sweet breath
and pleasant taste to the mouth.
3rd. It also has an infallible cure for the Tartar which
collects on teeth, wholly removing it and at the
same time hardens the gums and causes them to be
reinvigorated in their proper place.
4th. Nearly one half of the Teeth which are ex-
tracted, is owing to the tartar's eating away the
gum, thereby causing the teeth to become loose, and
rendering their extraction necessary. For sale at
aug14 E. F. DUREN'S Bookstore.

TO ROAD AND LUMBER CON-
TRACTORS.
PROPOSALS will be received until 1st Septem-
ber, at the office of the George's Creek
Coal and Iron Company, for the construction of a
common road to the Company's Forests of white
and yellow pine and for furnishing afterwards the
timber from said forests to the Company's Mills.
The length of road will be six miles, and the grade
no where exceeding 34 degrees, descending from
the timber lands all the way. The Company will
contract for the delivery of at least (2 000 000) two
millions of feet in each year, and a permanent con-
tract for several years will be preferred.
Sealed proposals may be directed to RICH-
ARD WILSON, Esq. office of the George's Creek
Coal and Iron Company, Baltimore, or to P. T.
TYSON, Esq. Linnacren, Alleghany county, Md
(15 miles west of Cumberland, Md. the termination
of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal) who will also
give to personal or written applications such farther
detailed information as may be desired.
Reference may also be had to Messrs BARCLAY
& LIVINGSTON New York for information as to
the objects and design of the Company. Jy23

MR. POMROY'S SERMON
ON Ministerial Support, preached at Saco June
1838, just published, and for sale by
aug8 E. F. DUREN

NEW GOODS, NEW GOODS.
RECEIVED by the last steamer, a large as-
sortment of low price dark Prints White
Cambrics, Lawns Muslins Threads &c &c.
REED & HATCH
aug7 36 Main street

PEW FOR SALE.
PEW No 34 in the Union Street Church for sale
by
aug7 YOUNG & HERRIMAN
No 17 Wall street

JOBBYING, neatly and promptly exe-
cuted at this office

FALL MANUFACTURE.
\$800 FROM BANGOR TO BOSTON AND
ROUND!
THE Steamer Bangor leaves
Bangor for Portland and Boston
every MONDAY and FRIDAY
Mornings at 5 o'clock, putting her passengers on
board the Steamer Portland for Boston the same
evening.
Returning the Steamer Portland leaves Boston
for Portland and Bangor every TUESDAY and
SATURDAY evenings at 7 o'clock, arriving at
Portland the next morning. The Bangor leaves for
Bangor immediately on the arrival of the Portland,
touching at Owl's Head, Camden, Belfast, Bucks-
port and Frankfort.
FARE
From Bangor to Boston, \$6 00
" " Portland, 4 00
" " Bucksport to Boston, 5 50
" " Belfast to " 4 50
" " Camden to " 4 50
" " Thomaston via Owl's Head,
Stage fare included, 4 00
J. W. GARNSEY, Agent
Bangor, June 19, 1838

CASTINE AND BANGOR PACKET.
The packet ship CON WASHING-
ton, Ous Skinner master, will leave the eu-
sing's dock between Castine and Bangor,
twice a week, wind and weather permitting,
touching at Bucksport, Belfast and Frankfort, for
freight or passage apply to the master, or to the
agents
WM JARVIS, C. West,
B. JACKSON & CO. E. West,
P. MORRILL,
June2, No 26 West Market Place Bangor

STORE AND HOUSE TO LET.
The Dwelling House on High street,
now occupied by S. C. Bragg, will be let
on reasonable terms.
Also, Store No 16 West Market Place now oc-
cupied by Messrs Smith & Fenno. Possession to
be given on the first of September next. Inquire of
aug6 T. A. HILL Sw

TO LET.
The House on Columbia street now oc-
cupied by the subscriber. It is a brick
tenement, possessing every necessary con-
venience for a small family. It is located in an ex-
cellent neighborhood very near the centre of busi-
ness, and will be rented low. Apply to
BENJA WINGATE
At the office of D. H. Humphrey
aug11 2w

HOUSE FOR SALE.
A small Cottage House, together with
two acres of land, situated on the Levant
road about three miles from this city. For particu-
lars apply to
JAMES DUNNING & CO
aug8 3w West Market Place.

HOUSE WANTED.
A good convenient Dwelling House
near the business part of the city for
which a fair price will be paid. Apply to
FREDERICK LAMBERT
No 2 Smith's Block
july17

TO RENT.
3 Houses one \$150 one \$100 and
another \$50
W. A. BLAKE

TO LET.
A pleasantly situated Dwelling House
at the corner of Somerset and French
streets, formerly the residence of John
Brown Esq. Immediate possession given and rent
reasonable. Apply to JOHN A. FRENCH
april2

SPORTING POWDER.
DUPONT'S Rifle and Lowell Mill Sporting
Powder, in canisters
Also, Common Powder, in kegs for sale by
july31 A. TAYLOR & CO

FLOUR.
25 HALF bbls Fancy Genesee Flour for sale
by
july31 EZRA JEWELL
Exchange street

WHITE BEANS.
350 BUSHELS Domestic White Beans for
sale by
july31 EZRA JEWELL

WROG COMBS.
RECEIVED this day 175 dozen imitation
wrogs, plain, hair, twist, cap, puff neck and
side Combs, for sale low for cash, single or by the
dozen at No 6 Main street, by
aug3 T. G. BROWN & CO

KNICKERBOCKER.
OR New York Monthly Magazine. A new vol-
ume, (12th,) of this popular Periodical com-
mences this month. Subscriptions rec'd by
aug3 E. F. DUREN Agent for the same

REMNANTS OF PRINTS,
YDS Remnants of Prints which will be
sold at only one half cost
200 yds are light and dark English Prints cost
2s and will be sold for 1s, 150 yds light and
dark American Prints, cost 25cts and will be sold
for 12 1/2 cts, 60 yds light and dark American
Prints, cost 17 cts and will be sold for 9 cts.
We are also selling our whole stock light and
dark Prints at reduced prices
J. BARTLETT & CO
No 3 Main street
aug3

FLOUR, FLOUR, FLOUR.
100 BBLs Genesee Superior Flour,
100 bbls Ohio
50 bbls Baltimore, 50 bbls Middling, now in
store and for sale by
july30 JOS. NICKERSON & CO.

SILVER, SILVER.
SILVER Tea Spoons and Spectacles fine Gold
Knobs and Drops, plain and wrogs fine gold
Finger Rings, rec'd by T. G. BROWN & CO
july30 At No 6 Main street

FANCY & STAPLE DRY GOODS,
FEATHERS, &c
RECEIVED and for sale cheap at 54 Main street by
july21 2m GEO. M. HAYDEN

CORN, RYE AND FISH.
JOS. NICKERSON & CO No 2 City Point
Block, have for sale, now landing from schr
New York
1600 bush White Corn, 2600 bush Yellow Flat,
400 " Rye, 50 quintals Cod Fish,
25 quintals Haddock
july16

OATS, CORN AND FISH,
RECEIVED from schr Good Hope, from Bal-
timore
2000 bushels Yellow Corn, 1000 bushels Oats,
50 quintals Cod Fish
30 " Hake and Haddock, for sale by
july28 JOS. NICKERSON & CO

JOHN NEAL'S ORATION, pronounced
in Portland July 4, 1838 Rec'd and for sale
by
july24 E. F. DUREN

ETHEL CHURCHILL, of the Two
Bridges 2 vols.
Hints to Young Ladies on Maxims for Mer-
chant's a very excellent little volume
Parting Gift to a Christian Friend. Also a furth-
er supply of Carville's Miscellanies 2 vols, Nevil's
Sermons, vol 8 Union Questions Brown's Short
Catechism, Assembly Catechism, neat edition re-
ceived by
aug7 E. F. DUREN

Particular Notice.
THE copartnership heretofore existing between
MARCHANT & SMITH having been dis-
solved it becomes necessary that all those in-
debted for the Whig & Courier for one year or more should
settle their accounts forthwith. It is therefore to be
held that ALL who are in arrears will promptly
comply with this request and make payment in
EDWARDS & SMITH.

AUGUST BALE.
By Pillsbury & Sandford.
ON SATURDAY, at 11 o'clock, at office No 45
West Market Place,
1 elegant C Spring Chaise and Harness, (Brass
mounted)
BANK STOCK.
ON SATURDAY, Aug 25th, at 11 o'clock, noon,
at office 45 West Market Place,
20 Shares in the Capital Stock of the Globe Bank
in Bangor. The same having been pledged as col-
lateral for the payment of J. C. Lovejoy's accept-
ance. Also, said acceptance should the proceeds
from the sale of said Stock be insufficient to pay the
sum due
AT PRIVATE SALE AS ABOVE
An elegant set of Staff Uniform consisting of
1 Chapeau de Bras and Plumes,
1 Epaulet and Knot
1 Coat, fully trimmed
1 Vest 3 pairs Pair's Pantaloon,
1 Sword Best, &c most of which are new and for
sale very cheap
Bangor Aug 17 1838
180 bbls Superfine Flour, "Deroy & Co."
100 " Genesee Flour, Eagle Mills,
a superior article
60 bbls Superfine Ohio Flour,
50 bags Coffee,
Chests, half chests and boxes Souchong and Y
Hyon Tea, boxes Sugar, boxes Tobacco, bas-
kets Champagne
100 bushels North River Wheat
THE JOHNNY CAKE.
DEVOTED to the defence of a rational and
healthy mode of living. This is to be pub-
lished in Nos. occasionally. The first No is rec'd
and is for sale at 6 1/2 cts 85
E. F. DUREN near the Post Office
Rec'd as above the Periodicals for August aug6

PORK, FISH AND CHEESE.
10 BBLs Clear Pork, 40 quintals Cod Fish,
2 casks first quality Old Cheese. Just re-
ceived and for sale by
G. L. BOYNTON & CO
aug2 3w No 8 Broad street

COMMISSIONERS NOTICE.
WE the subscribers having been appointed by
the Hon Judge of Probate for the county
of Penobscot Commissioners to receive and settle
the claims of the several creditors to the estate of
EPHRAIM WASHBURN late of Bangor in said
county deceased, represented insolvent hereby
give public notice that six months from the twenty-
fifth day of May last are allowed to said creditors
to bring in and prove their claims and that we will
attend to that service at the Counting Room of
Robert Dutton, in said Bangor, on the last Satur-
day of August, September, October and November
next, at 3 o'clock P. M. of each day.
WILLIAM RICE,
HENRY DUTTON
Bangor, July 30 1838 if aug7

LOOKING GLASSES.
MAHOGANY and Gilt Frame Looking Glasses,
just received and will be kept constantly on
hand. For sale a good assortment of fashionable size
Glasses, by
aug5 T. G. BROWN, No 6 Main street Bangor

GOLD FOIL. Bulls Gold Foil for Dentists,
for sale by
june27 WHITTIER & GUILD

2000 CORDS SOFT WOOD wanted
for which cash will be paid on delivery
by
june11 J. W. GARNSEY, No 1 Broad street

EXTRA CLEAR PORK,
BARELL'S Extra Clear Pork, just receiv-
ed and for sale by
july27 FREDERICK LAMBERT

CORN, Flour, Pork, Lard, Cheese, Ham,
together with a fresh supply of W. I. Goods,
Groceries and Liquors just rec'd and for sale low
by
july26 G. L. BOYNTON & CO
No 8 Broad street

FAMILY FLOUR.
A SUPERIOR article of Genesee Flour just
received fresh from New York. For sale by
july26 FREDERICK LAMBERT

SILKS.
JUST received at No 11 Broad street a few
pieces more of elegant Silks, amongst them a
black, blue black, drab and checked. Also, an
assortment of Cambric Muslins, Laces &c for
sale low by
july2 W. A. BLAKE

THE subscribers have this day formed a coun-
cil in business under the firm of HASKELL
& CUTLER, at No 54 West Market Place where
they will keep a general assortment of English and
W. I. Goods and will sell on as reasonable terms
for cash as can be bought in the city.
GEORGE HASKELL,
LEVI CUTLER
Bangor June 12 1838 if j16

DYE FOR CHANGING HAIR.
ONE dozen Russian Dye for changing the color
of red or grey hair to a brown or jet black
which is warranted not to rub off. For sale by
T. G. BROWN & CO.
At No. 6 Main street
july20

SODA, ROCHELLE, AND SEID-
LITZ POWDERS for sale by
june27 WHITTIER & GUILD

HACKMETAC KNIVES.
1000 HACKMETAC KNIVES wanted at
No 11 Broad Street for which a fair
price will be given by
june30 W. A. BLAKE

AUGUSTUS C. SMITH,
DEPUTY SHERIFF
CORINNA.
All precepts by mail promptly attended to
april2

THE PERSON who took a large roll of Black
Satin from the store of Reed & Hatch will
save the trouble of having their name exposed be-
fore the public by returning the same
june23

60 HHDS SALT, received and for sale low
by
june9 W. A. BLAKE

TROY SHEETINGS.
THE Troy Sheetings 38 in wide, acknowledged
to be the cheapest in the market, are for sale
by the bale, piece or yard, they were purchased
from the manufacturer and have not paid the usual
commissions, which make a difference of from two
to three cents on a yard. Also a large assortment of
light summer prints for sale by
june8 C. & E. D. GODFREY
62 Main Street

JUST RECEIVED and for sale by the sub-
scribers at No 19 Broad street, Bangor,
2000 lbs first quality Western Hams,
2000 lbs Cotton Warp,
40 bbls Prime Pork
july19 d&w6w J. A. CUSHING & CO

COAL, COAL, COAL.
60 CHALDRONS Liverpool (England) Coal,
a superior article for Smith's use now land-
ing from schr Inspector, for sale low, in quantities
to suit purchasers by
PILLSBURY & SANDFORD,
Commission Merchants,
45 West Market Place
july17 8w

GREAT BARGAINS IN DRY
GOODS
REED & HATCH are selling their large assort-
ment of summer Dry Goods at reduced pri-
ces. Purchasers of Dry Goods will find it greatly
to their advantage to call at 36 Main street before
purchasing elsewhere
july6

AUCTION SALES.
By Attwood & Co.
BANK STOCK.
ON THURSDAY, 23d inst at 12 o'clock, at 45
West Market Place,
6 Shares in the Bank of Old Town, unless previ-
ously disposed of at private sale.
REANS, TOBACCO, PAINTS, &c
AT AUCTION
ON FRIDAY August 25th, at 11 o'clock, at office
No 44 West Market Place,
200 bushels White Beans,
130 boxes Plug Tobacco 10 kegs Fig Tobacco;
5 boxes Pipes, 15 keg yellow Paint;
15 kegs black Paint, 10 kegs Pickled Oysters,
1000 lbs Bacon Shoulders.
STATE OF MAINE.
LAND OFFICE Bangor, June 26th 1838
WILL be sold at Public Auction, at the Ban-
gor House on the twentieth day of August
next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. 1838, the right to cut
timber on the Blife sections, in township number
four and eight in the seventh range, township num-
bered seven in the sixth range, township number
four in the fifth range, and in township number
three in the fourth range, west from the east line of
the State, at a minimum price of two dollars per
thousand feet board measure.
Further particulars will be made known at the
time and place of sale.
ELIJAH L. HAMLIN
Land Agent of Maine
aug4 1w

NOTES AND MORTGAGE DRED.
WILL be sold at Public Auction on THURSDAY,
August 21, 1838, at 11 o'clock A. M.
at the office of ATTWOOD & SON, 44 West Mar-
ket Place, Bangor, three notes of hand given by
Elihu Baxter to William Bradbury, and endorsed
by him for the sum of thirty six hundred and seven-
ty four dollars each, dated July 30 1835 and pay-
able in one two and three years from date with in-
terest annually. Said notes are secured by a mort-
gage of a saw mill and land in Levant and Cornish,
for a more particular description of which reference
may be had to the mortgage deed recorded in re-
cords of county of Penobscot, book 65 page 34 and
35.
The above named notes having been assigned to
the present holder of them as collateral security will
be sold to the highest bidder, and the mortgage
deed assigned to the purchaser. Terms made
known at sale. ATTWOOD & SON, Auctioneers
Bangor July 16 1838 d&w

AT PRIVATE SALE BY ATTWOOD & SON
2 FARMS FOR SALE.
Situated near Charles B. Abbott's Glenburn -
Said Farms may be had at a low price the owner
being about to leave the place. For further particu-
lars inquire of ATTWOOD & SON, Auctioneers.
Bangor, Aug 20
10 kegs Honey Dew Tobacco, a superior article.
2 casks Bacon,
Boxes Brown Soap, boxes Tobacco;
20 kegs black and yellow Paint,
10 kegs Pickled Oysters,
30 bbls Clear Pork,
106 bags White Beans
500 Reams Wrapping Paper, 30 bbls Mess Beef,
30 chests Souchong Tea, 56 half do do
25 m Span's & Cigars 3 bbls Pearl Barley.

TO LET.
THE rooms recently occupied by Seth Whittier
& Co for a Corn and Flour Store over the
Arch West Market Place. Apply to
ATTWOOD & SON
Aug 3. Auctioneers

M. COLLIGAN.
(Late of the firm of Stewart & Gilligan.)
HAS resumed business at No. 52 Main street,
Bangor, where he would be happy to see his
former customers and all others who may want
anything in his line of business. All Garments
made warranted to suit.
Bangor June 12th 1838 if j16

100 SEALS fine Fur, a variety of sizes,
for sale at low prices for Cash or Lum-
ber, at No 11 L. O. street by
Bangor June 7 1838 J. A. CUSHING & CO. d&wif

MAINE REPORTS.
REPORTS of cases argued and determined in
the Supreme Judicial Court of the State of
Maine it being vol 1, Shepley and 13th of Maine,
rec'd by
SMITH & FENNO.
Also Public Laws for 1838
july6

DR. JEWETT,
SURGEON DENTIST
HAS returned and will be found at his former office
over the store of Pillsbury & Sandford
feb13

MOLASSES.
220 bbls Molasses, now landing
from schr Lorette
100 bbls Cuba in store for sale by
m15 CHARLES COOPER & CO.
No 14 City Point

NOTICE.
Notice is given that the Joint Standing Com-
mittee of the City Council on accounts and
claims will be in session at the Aldermen's Rooms
in the City Hall from two to five o'clock P. M. on
the last Saturday of each month. All persons
interested are requested to call at said time and
place.
BRADFORD HARLOW, Chairman
April 25, 1838 if

PENOBSCOT EXCHANGE AND
STAGE HOUSE
THIS House continues open for the accommo-
dation of the public and the travelling com-
munity, who will receive every attention and the
cheapest fare
GEO. S. FRENCH, Agent.
Bangor, May 12 1838

CHINA, CROCKERY AND GLASS
WARE
A NOTHFR large lot just received by schooner
Free Trade and Alhion, making the most
complete assortment ever offered in this city, which
will be sold cheap for cash.
C. & E. D. GODFREY
june5 60 Main street

HORSE NAILS.
4 CASKS Horse Nails just rec'd and for sale by
YOUNG & HERRIMAN,
No 17 Wall street
july2

PERIODICALS.
MUSEUM for July North American Review,
for do. Parley's Magazine, for do. Black
wood, for do. Metropolitan, for do. Bentley's
Miscellany, for do. Family Magazine, for do. No
66 Rep of Review, Annals of Education for July
Journal of Franklin Institute for June. Rec'd by
SMITH & FENNO
Also Probate or Remedy for the 19th Century, by
Wm Ware more of Burton or the Seizer, by La-
gram Travels in Europe by Wilbur Fisk.

